

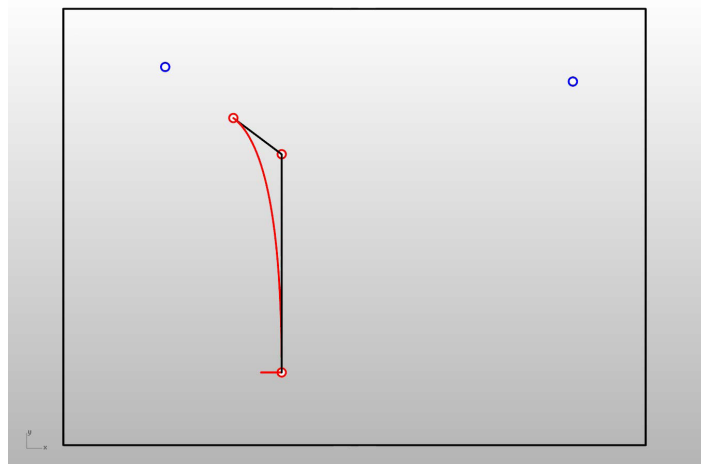
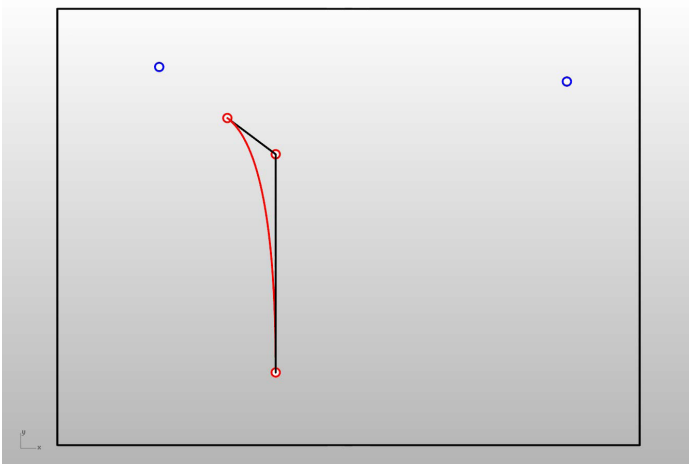
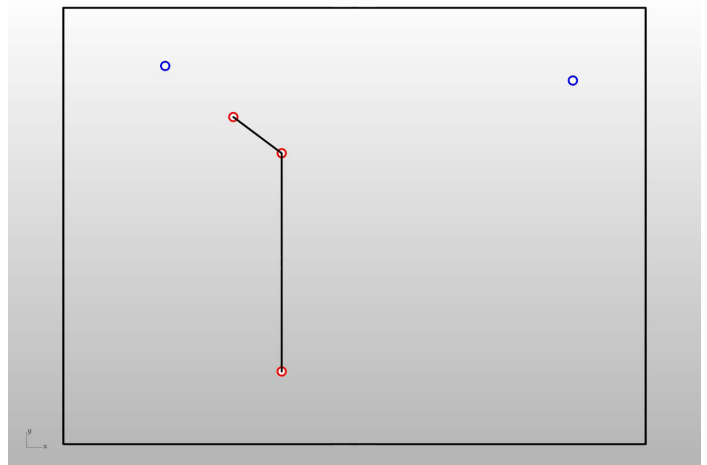
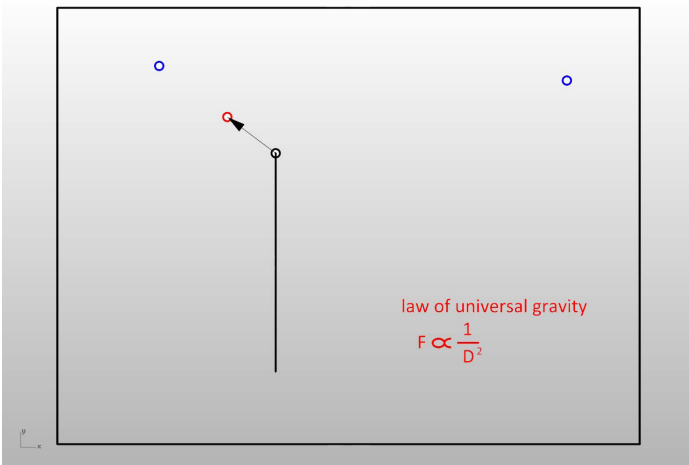
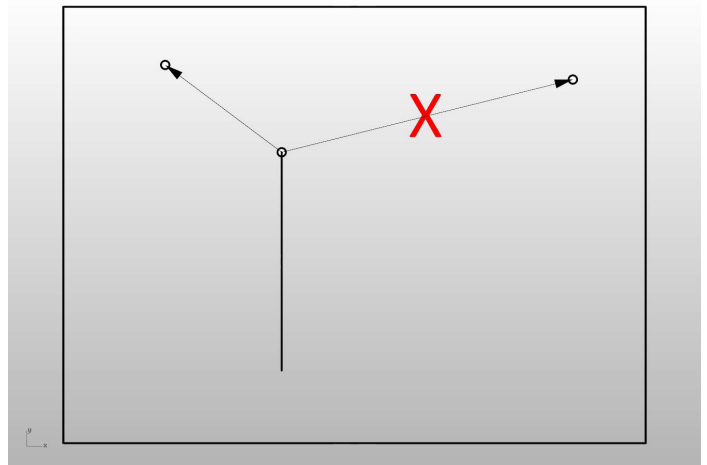
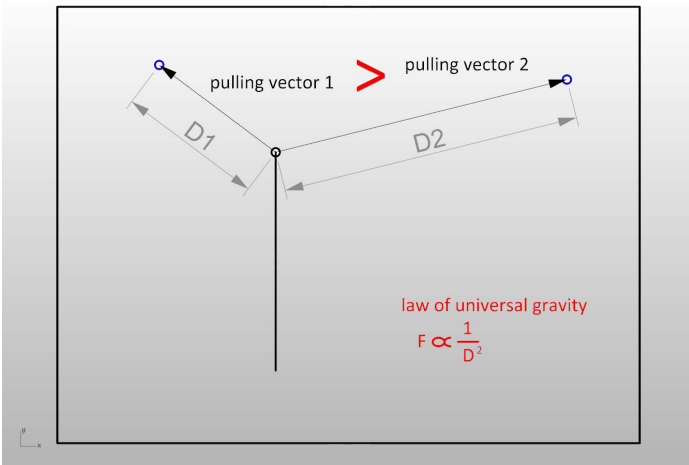
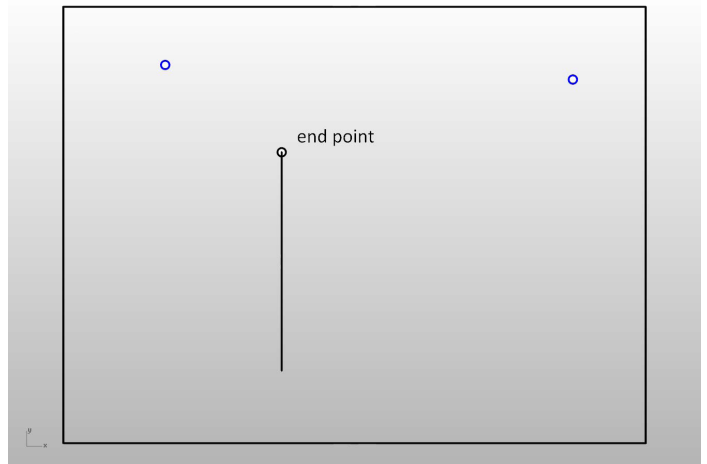
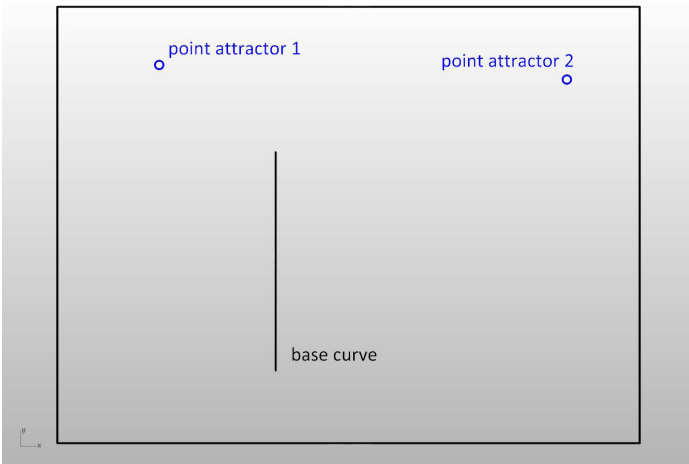
## GRASSHOPPER WORKSHOP

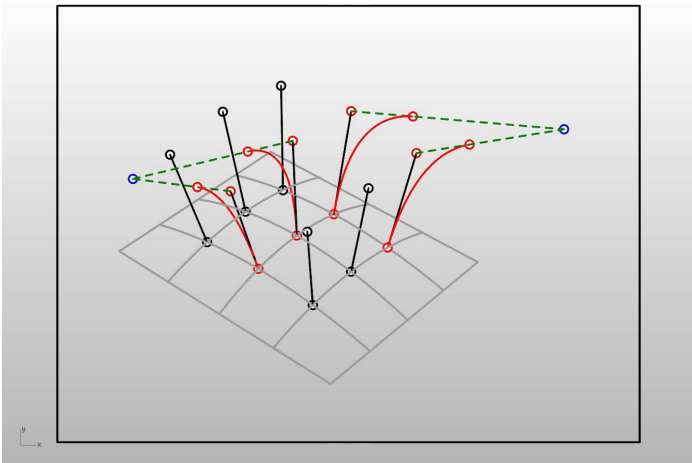
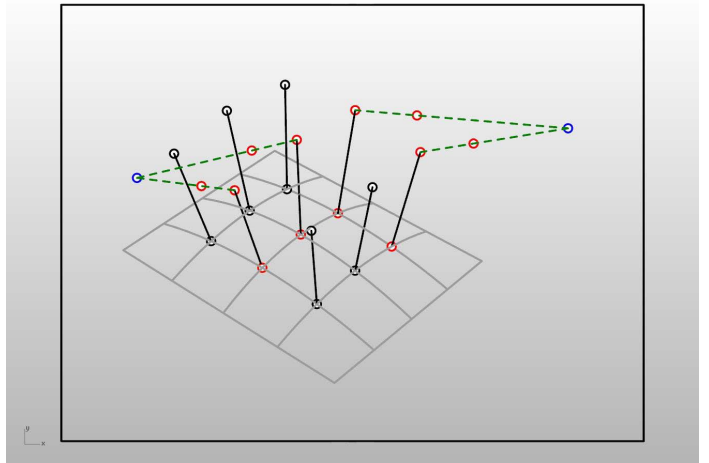
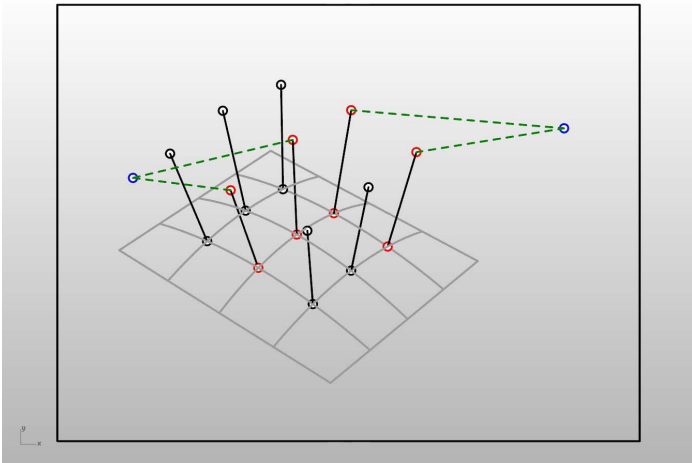
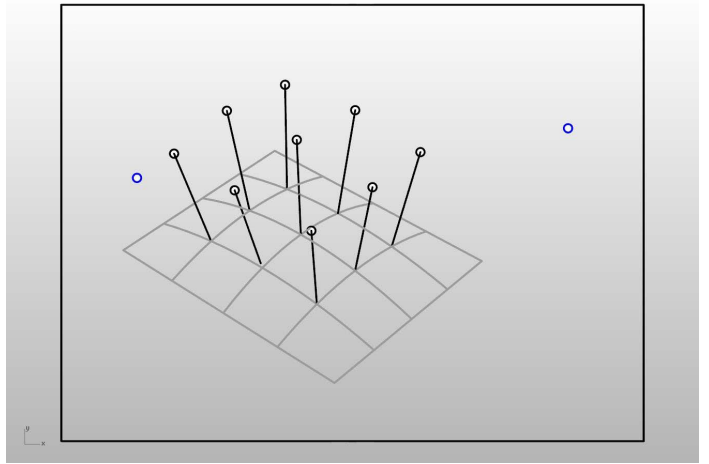
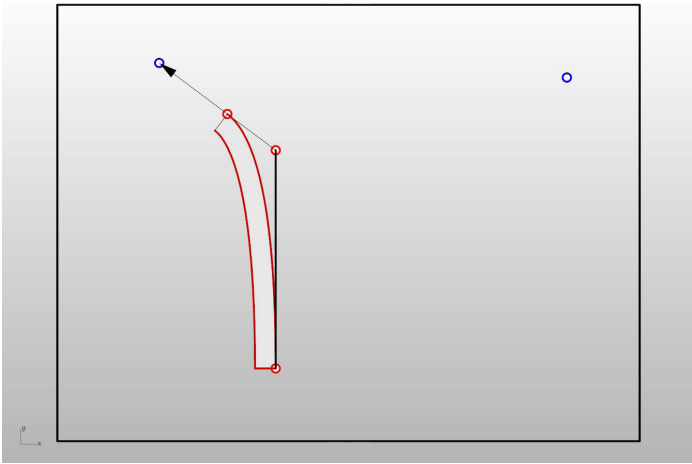
SYRACUSE ARCHITECTURE / APR 10TH 2010 / GH ver 0.6.0059

WOO JAE SUNG

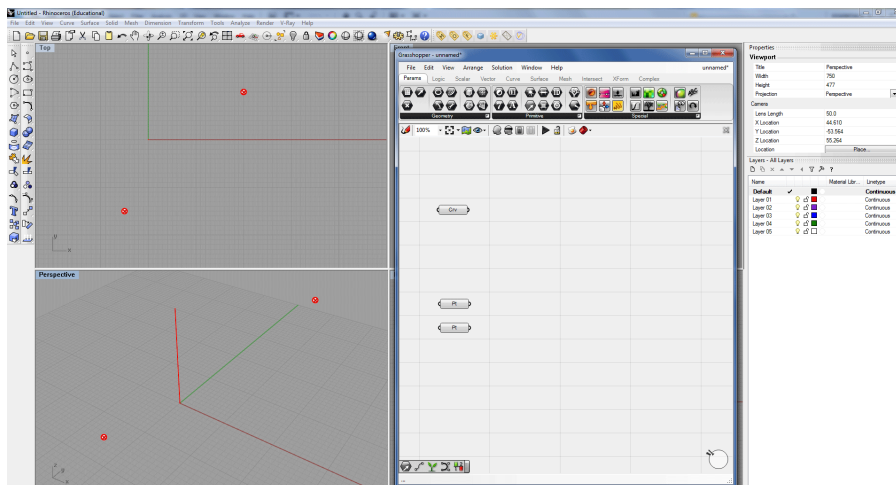
WS92@CORNELL.EDU · WWW.WOOJSUNG.COM

IDEA

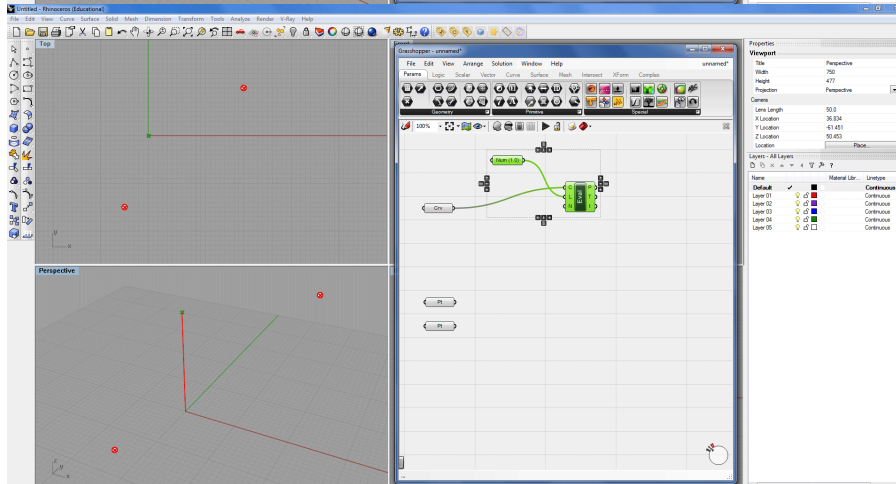




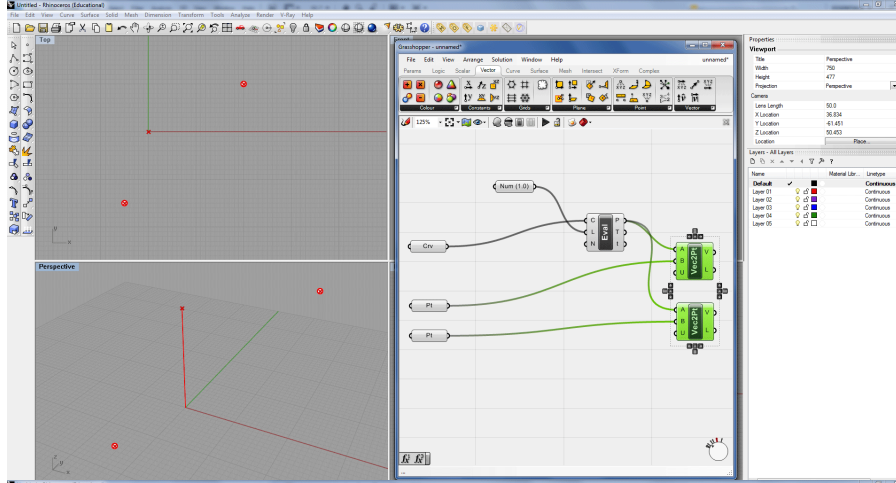
# STEP01



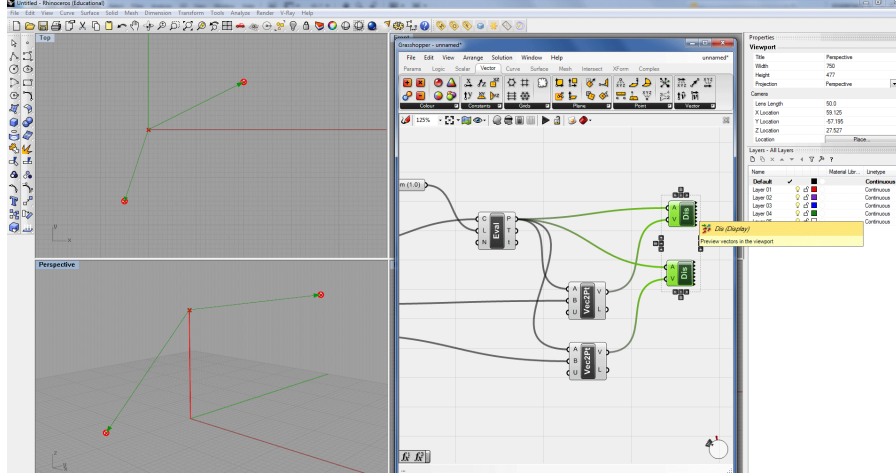
+ 1 BASE CRV / 2 POINT ATTRACTORS



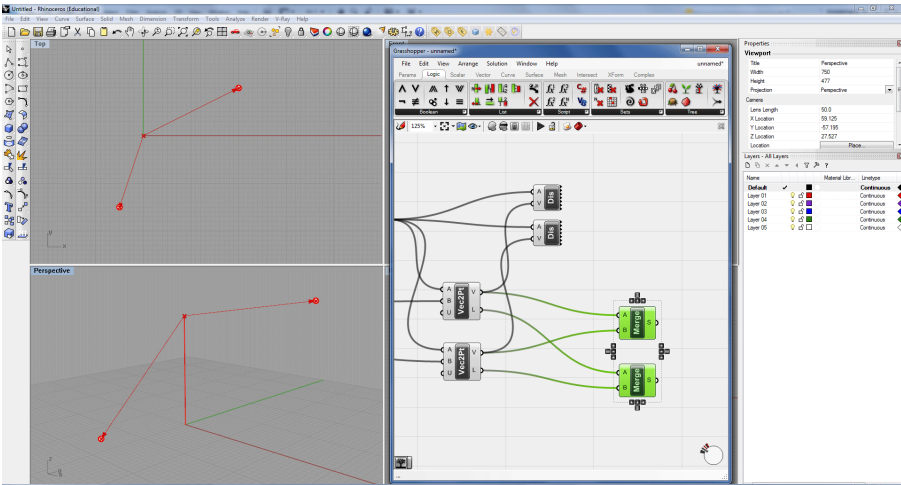
+ GET THE END POINT



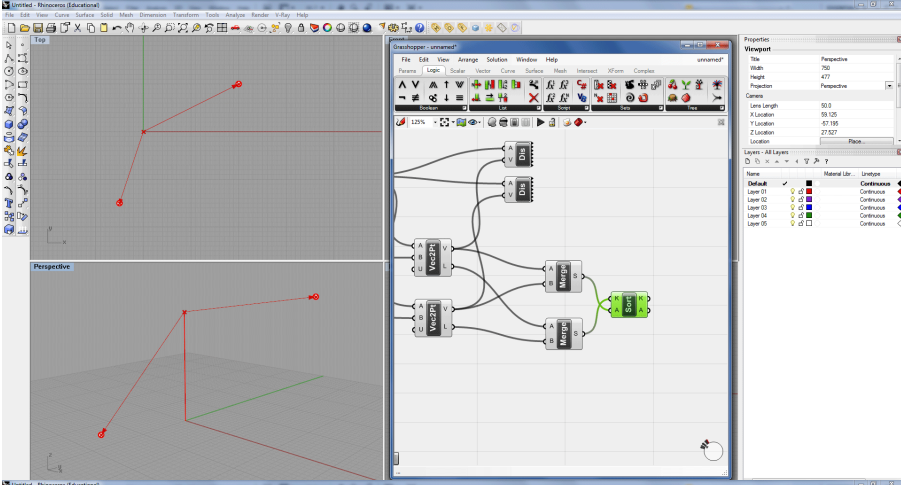
+ GET TWO VECTORS



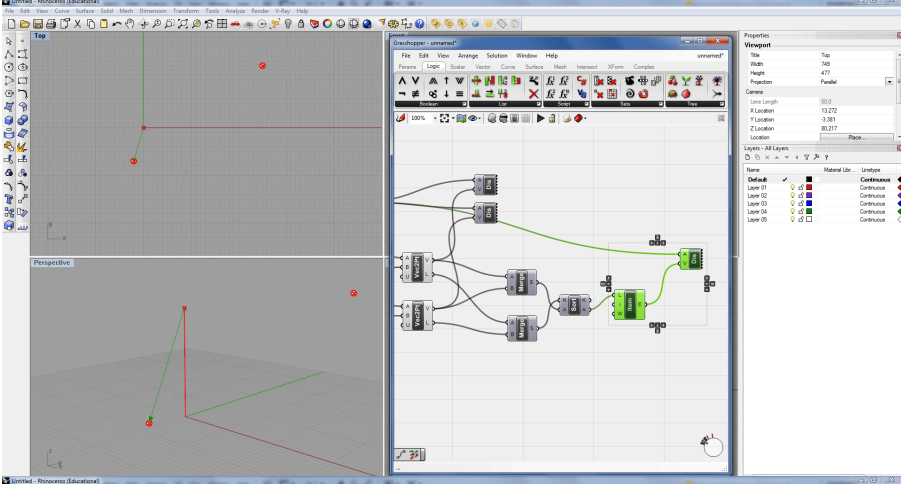
+ CHECK THE DIRECTION OF VECTORS



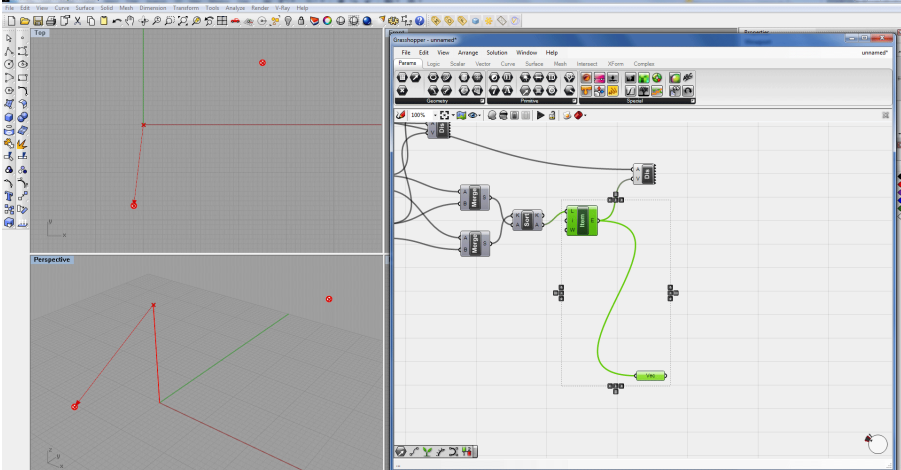
+ MERGE TWO VECTORS TO COMPARE LENGTH



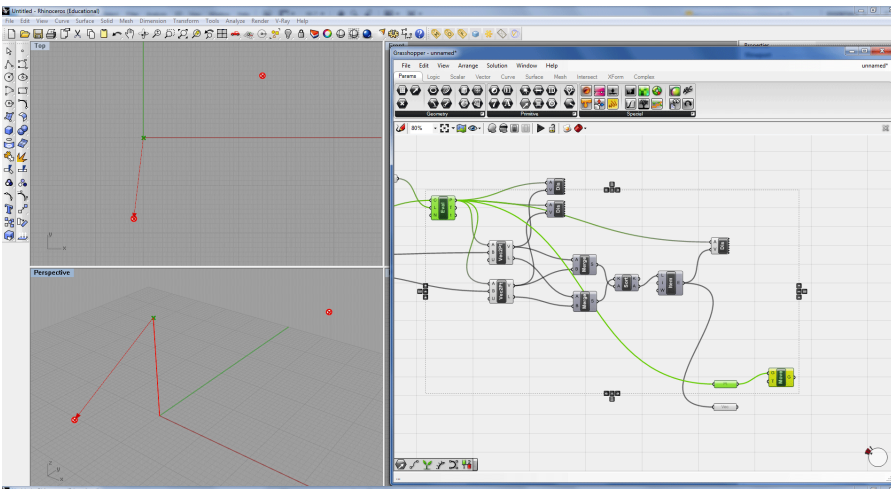
+ SORT VECTORS BY THEIR LENGTH



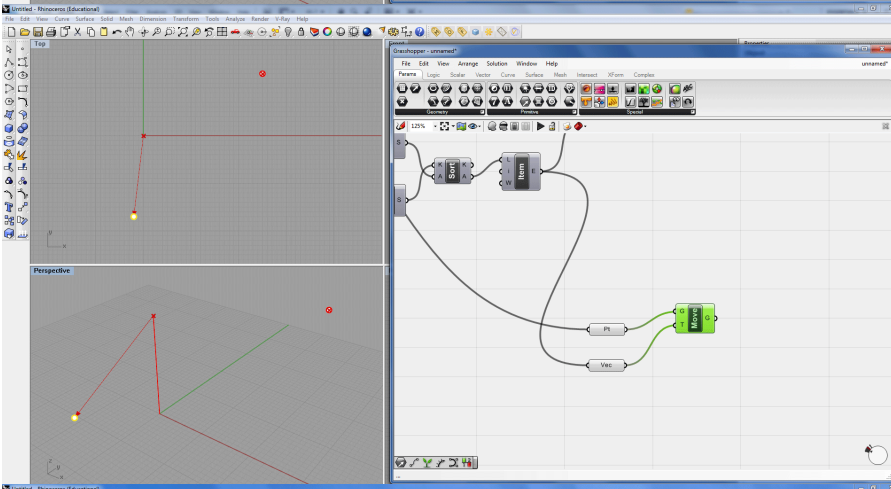
+ CHECK OUT WHICH VECTOR WE GET / WORKING RIGHT?



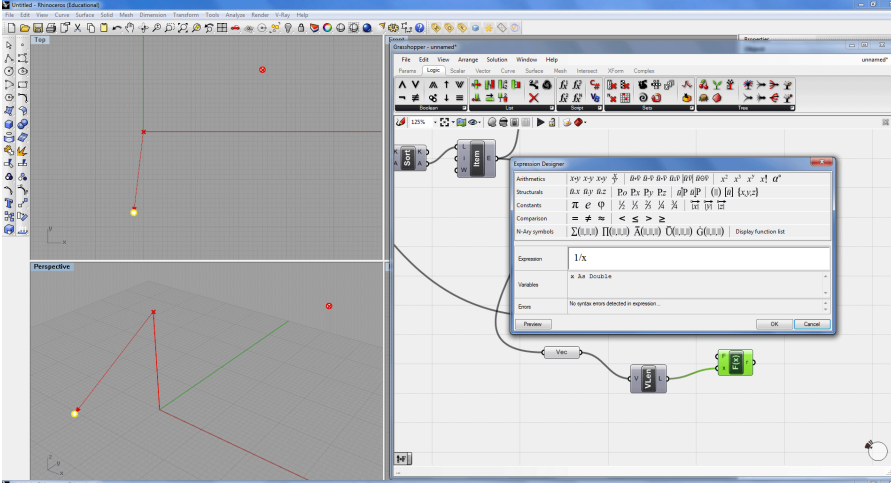
• EXTRACT VECTOR



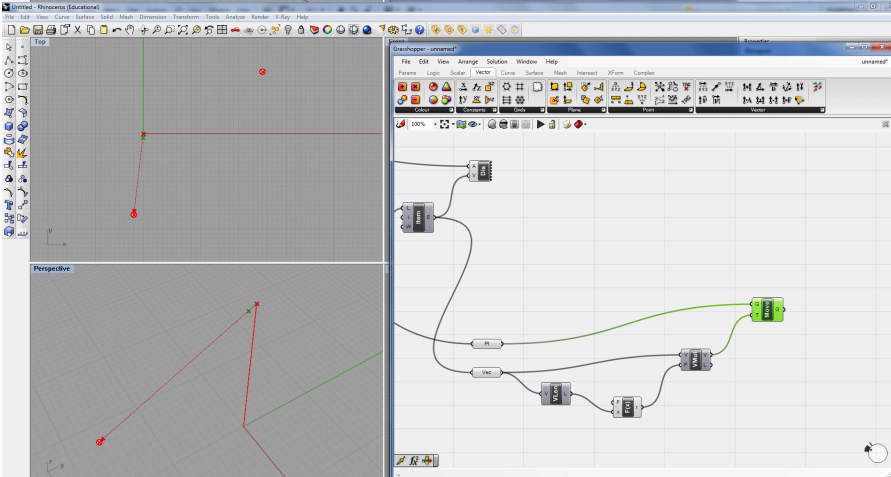
+ EXTRACT THE END POINT TO MOVE



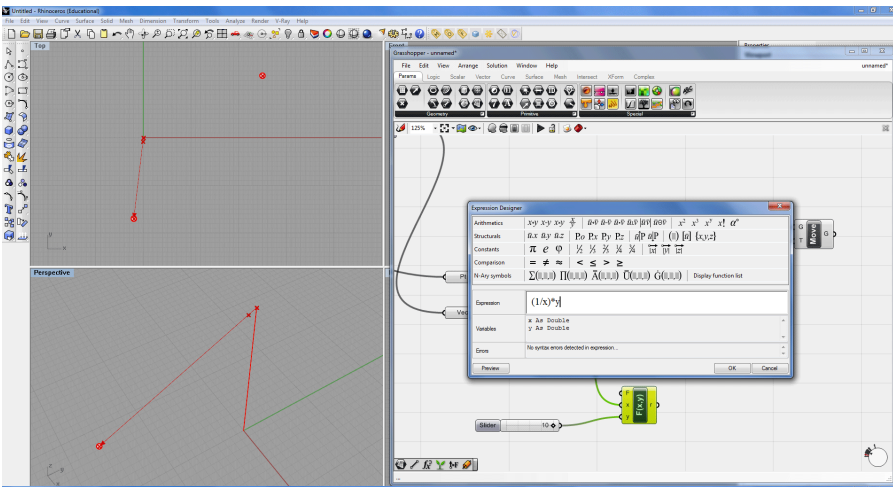
+ MOVE THE END POINT BY THE VECTOR  
 • THE POINT MOVES TOO MUCH



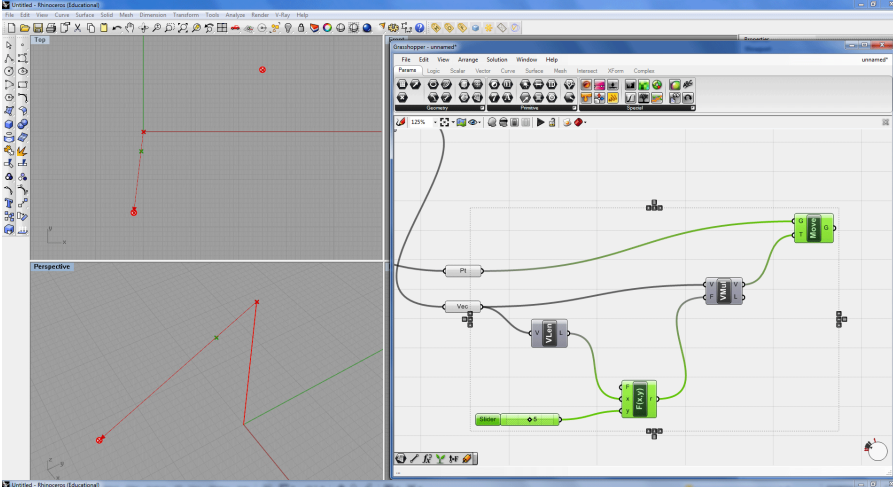
+ GET THE LENGTH OF VECTOR  
 + GET THE INVERSE NUMBER  
 • SIMULATE 'LAW OF UNIVERSAL GRAVITY'  
 • NOTE ; USE 1/X INSTEAD OF 1/X^2 (1/X^2 GIVES TOO SMALL VALUE FOR THIS CASE)



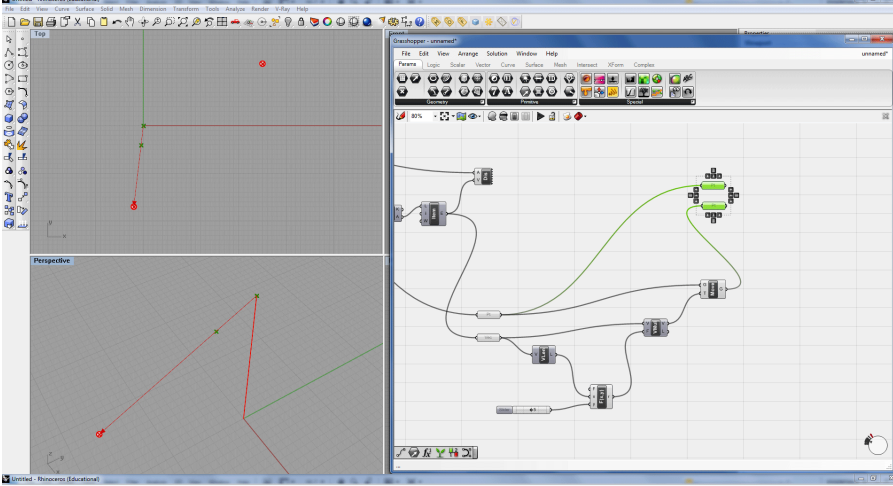
+ MULTIPLY VECTOR BY THE INVERSE NUMBER  
 + CONNECT THE VECTOR TO THE MOVE COMPONENT



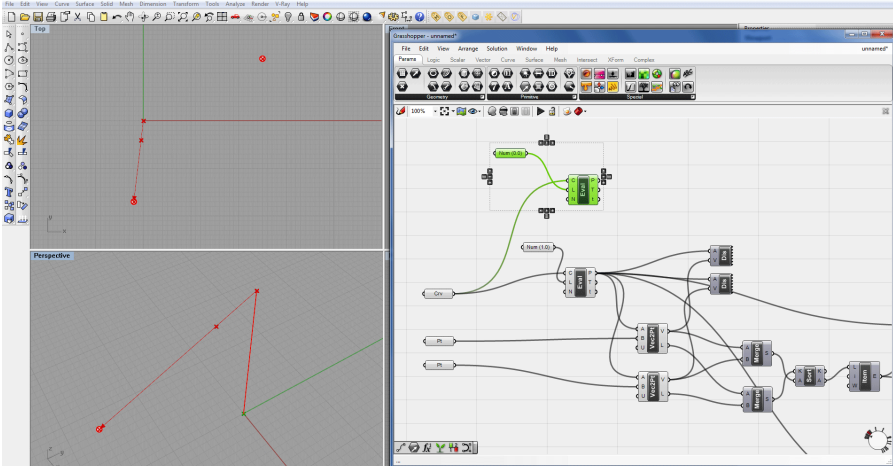
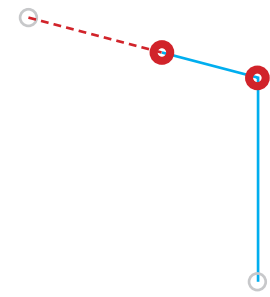
- THE VECTOR IS STILL TOO SHORT
- + SUPPLY ANOTHER FACTOR TO MULTIPLY THE VECTOR
  - $(1/X)*Y$



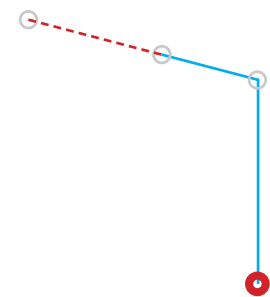
- CONTROL THE POINT BY NUMBER SLIDER

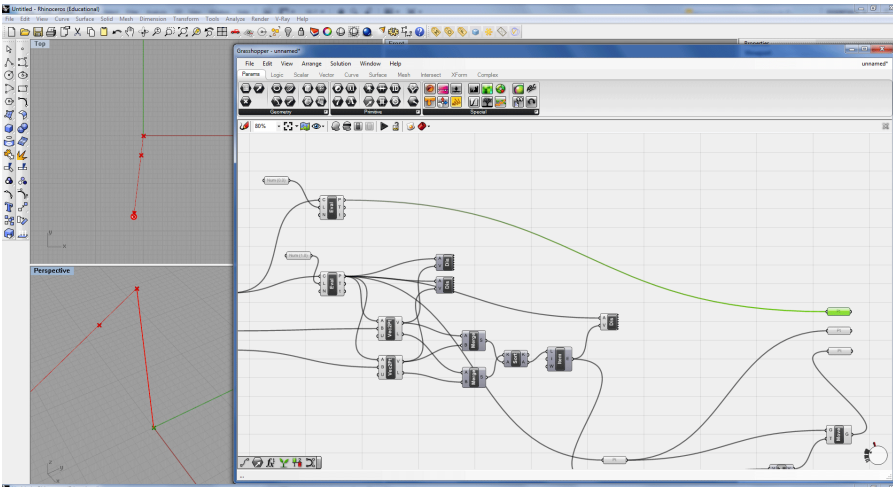


- + EXTRACT TWO POINTS

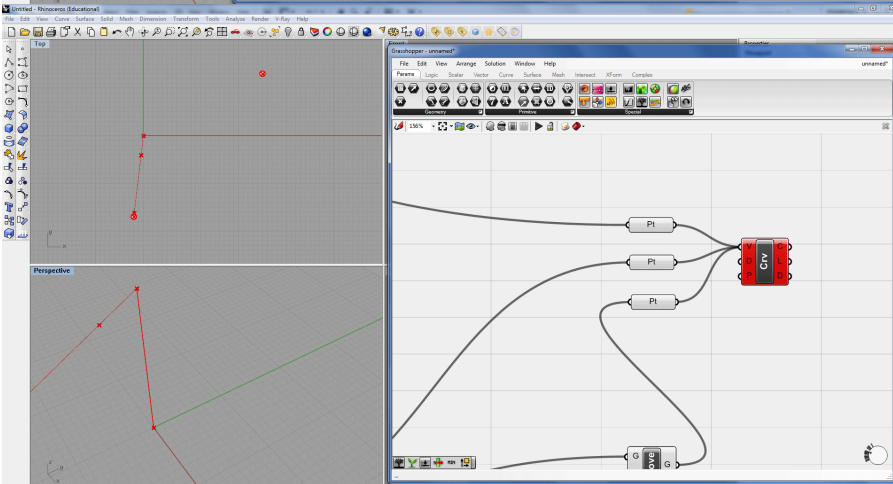


- + GET THE ORIGINE POINT TO DRAW A CURVE

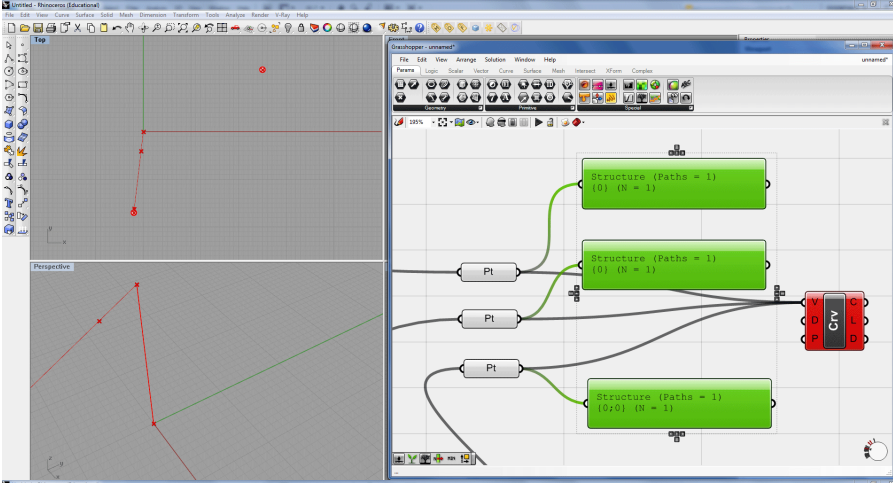
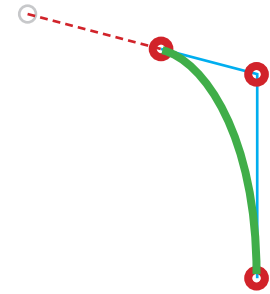




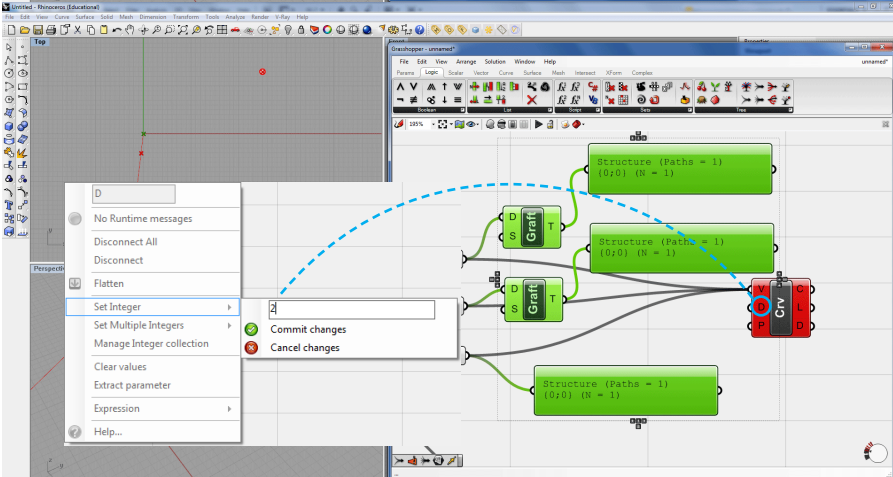
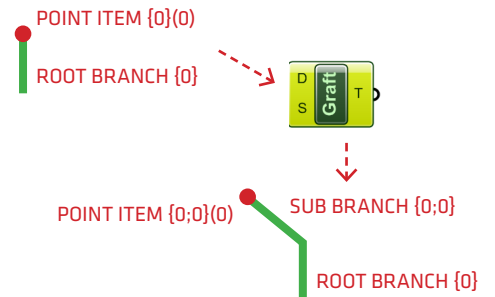
• ALIGN



- + CONNECT TO CRV COMPONENT
- + GOT THE ERROR

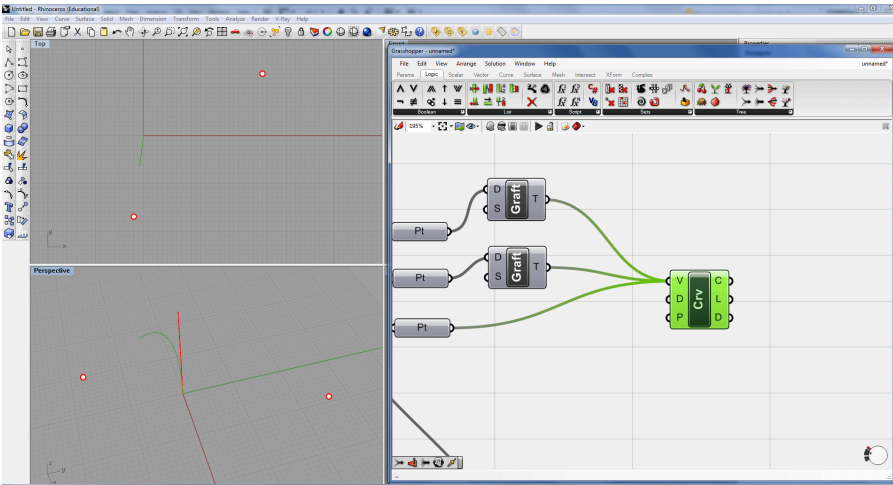


- + DATA STRUCTURES DO NOT MATCH
  - USE GRAFT COMPONENT TO GIVE ONE MORE BRANCH

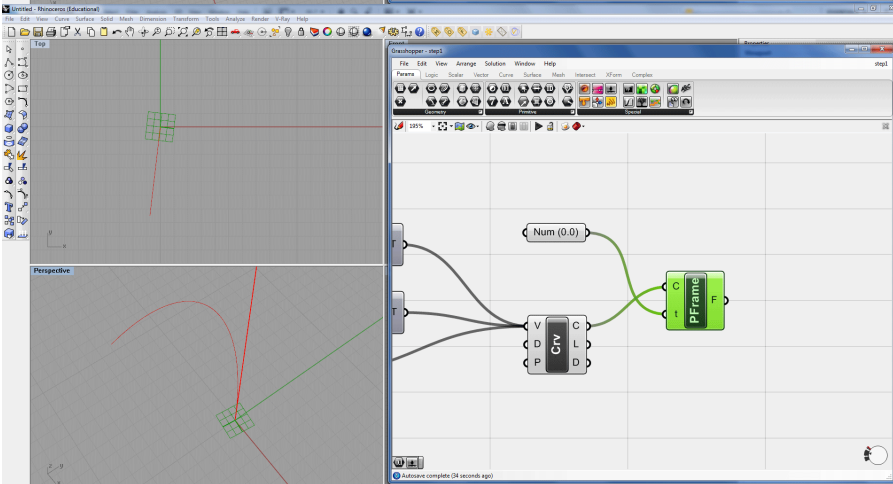


- + STILL NOT WORKING
- + CHANGE DEGREE OF THE CURVE AS 2

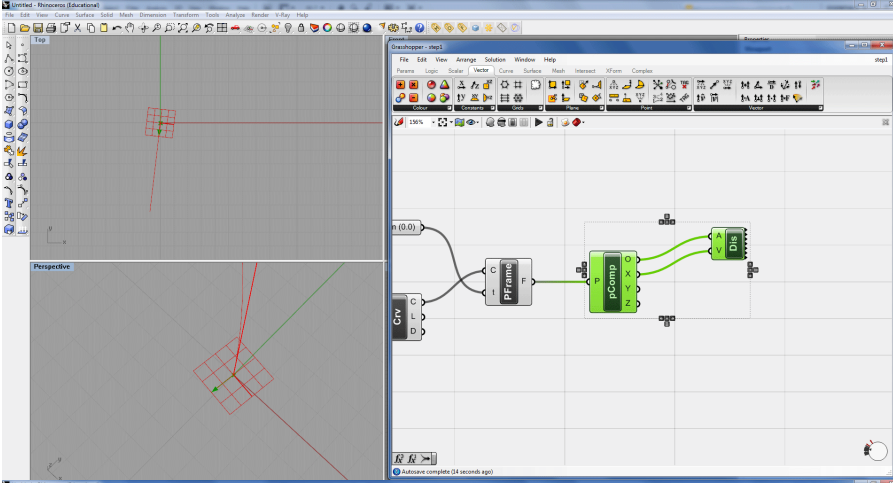




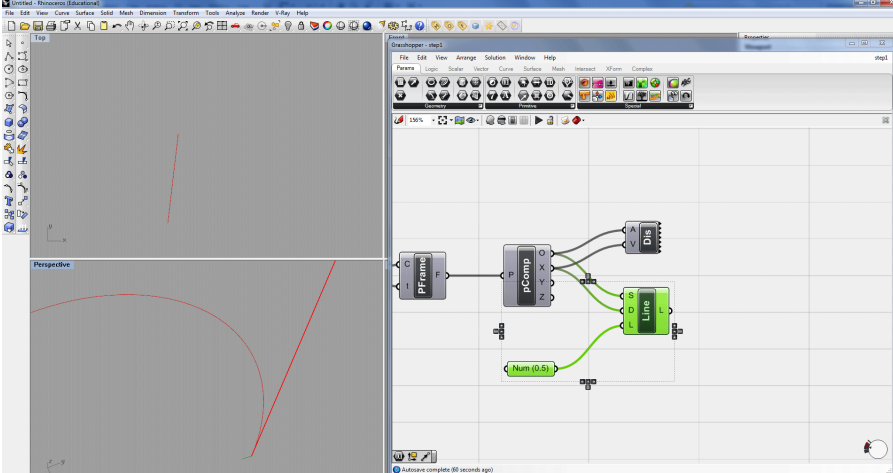
+ GET PERPENDICULAR FRAME AT CURVE START POSITION ( $t=0$ )

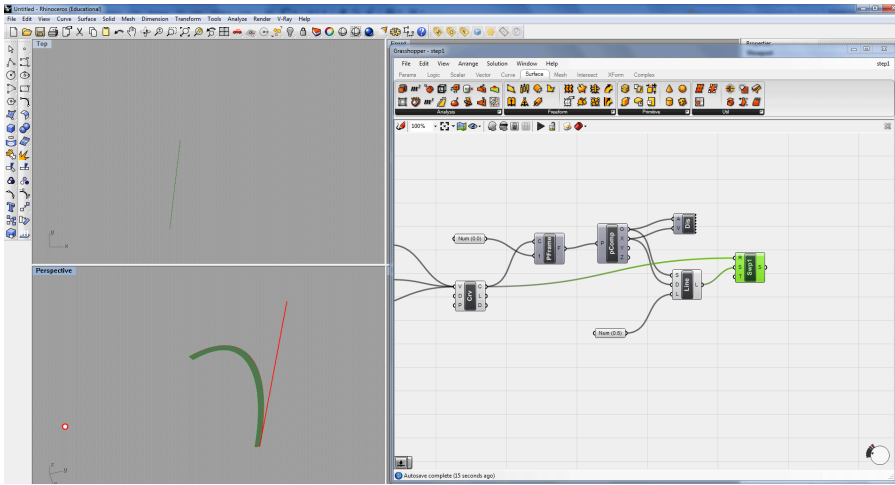


+ DECOMPOSE FRAME TO GET THE ORIGIN AND X VECTOR



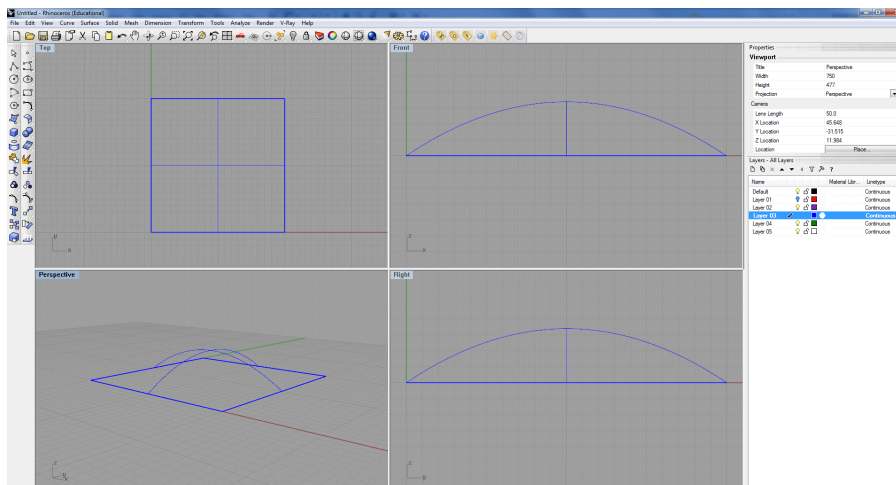
+ DRAW A LINE IN X DIRECTION OF THE LOCAL COORDINATE SYSTEM, AND SET THE LENGTH AS 0.5



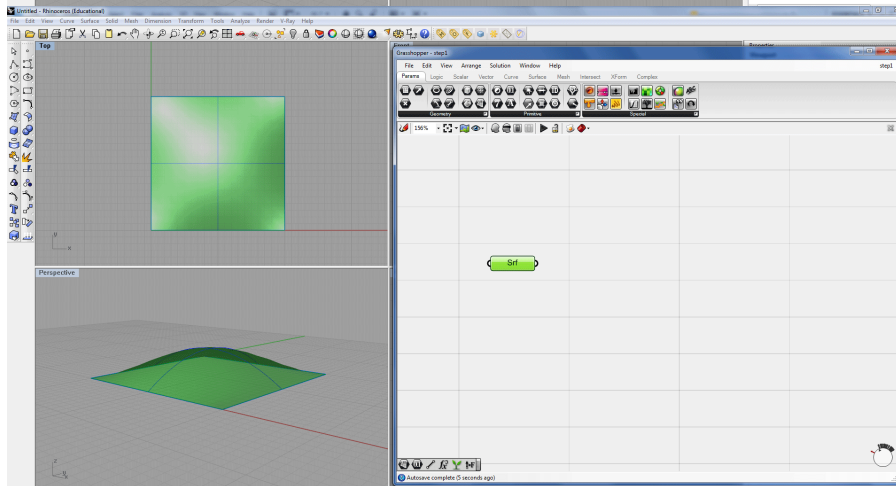


+ SWEEP 1 RAIL

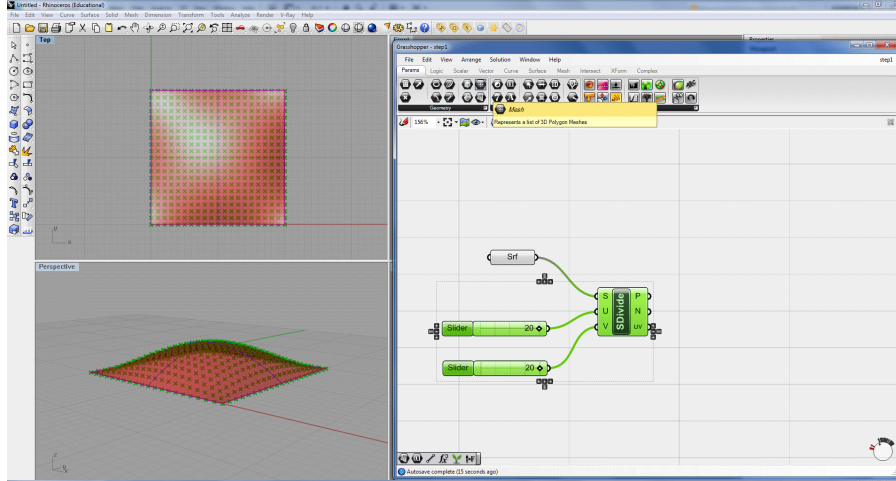
## STEP02



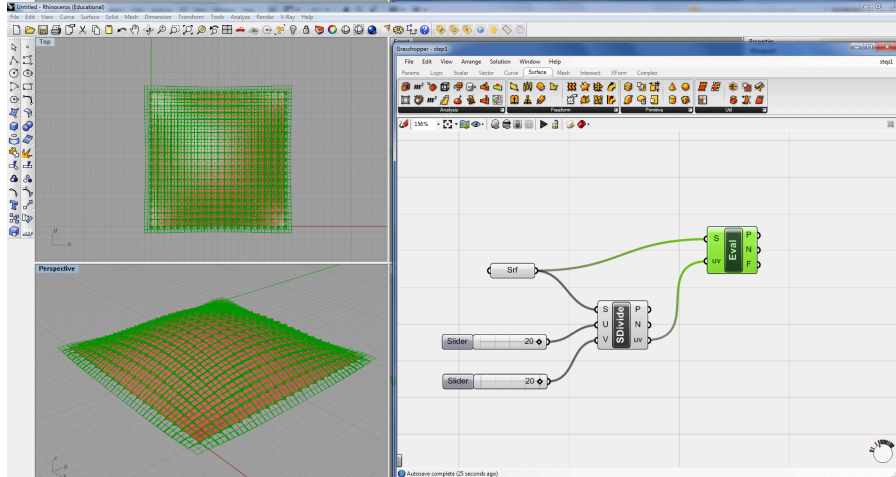
+ BUILD A CURVED PLANE IN RHINO



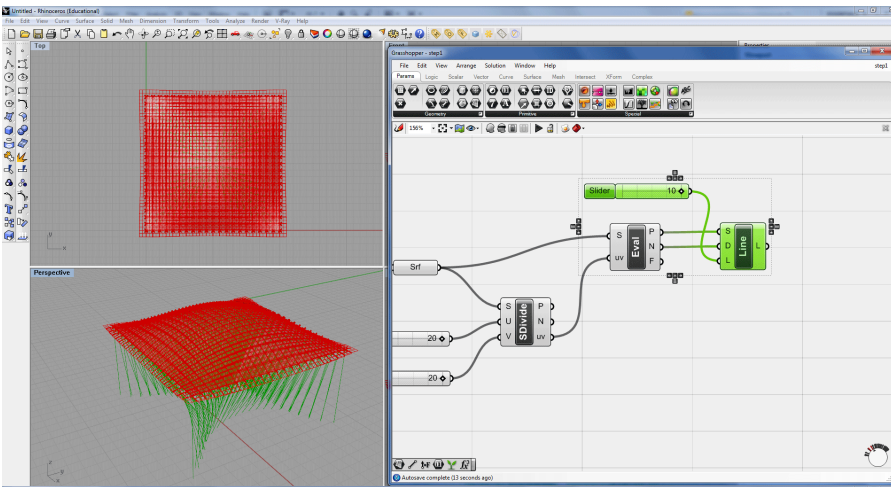
+ GET IT CONNECTED WITH GRASSHOPPER



+ DIVIDE SURFACE TO GET SURFACE POINT SET

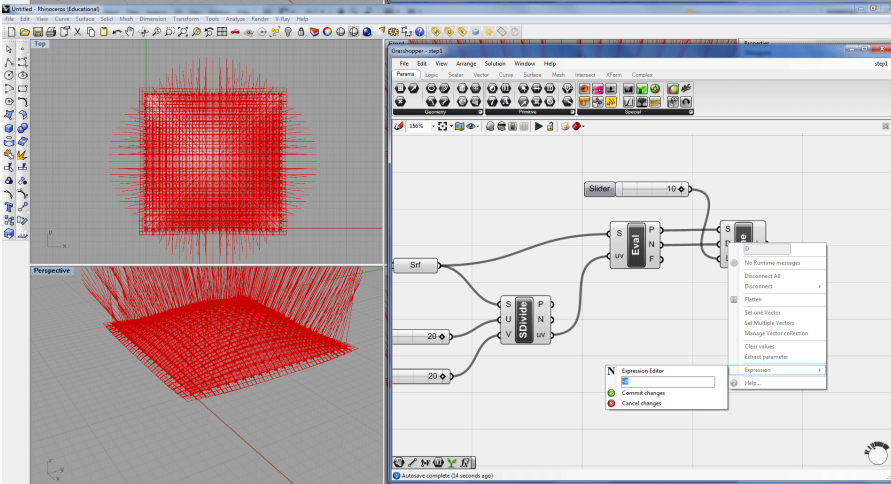


+ EVALUATE SURFACE TO GET NORMAL VECTORS AT SPECIFIC POINTS ON SURFACE



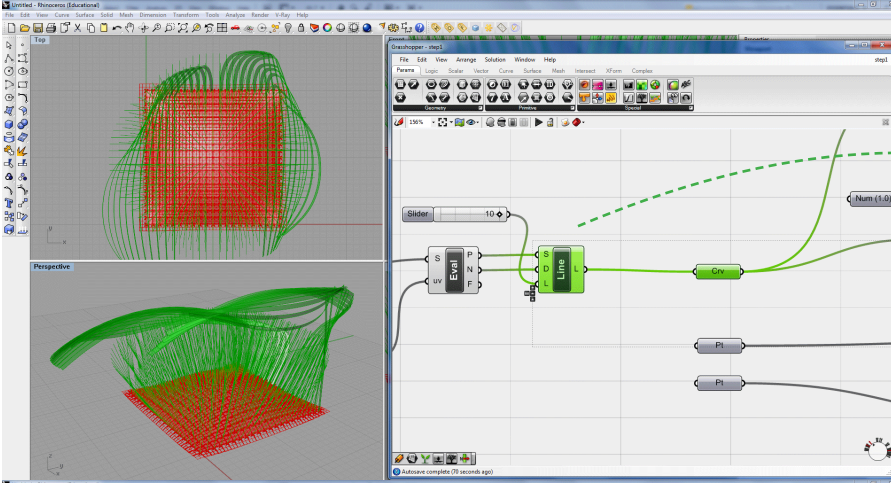
**+ DRAW A LINE**

- THE LINES RUN INTO THE OTHER SIDE



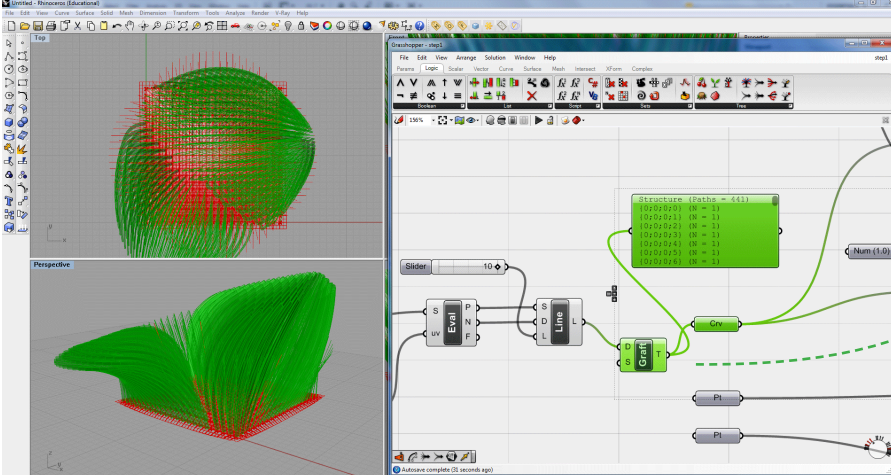
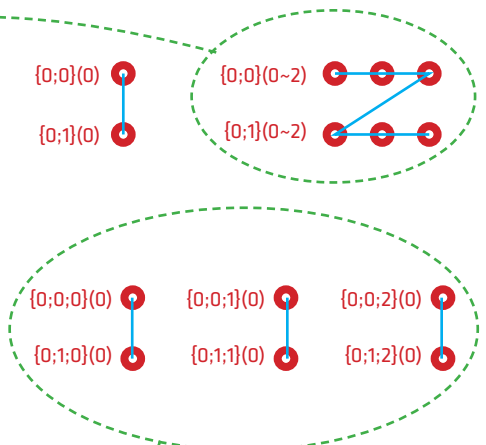
**+ EDIT THE EXPRESSION OF DIRECTIONAL VECTOR**

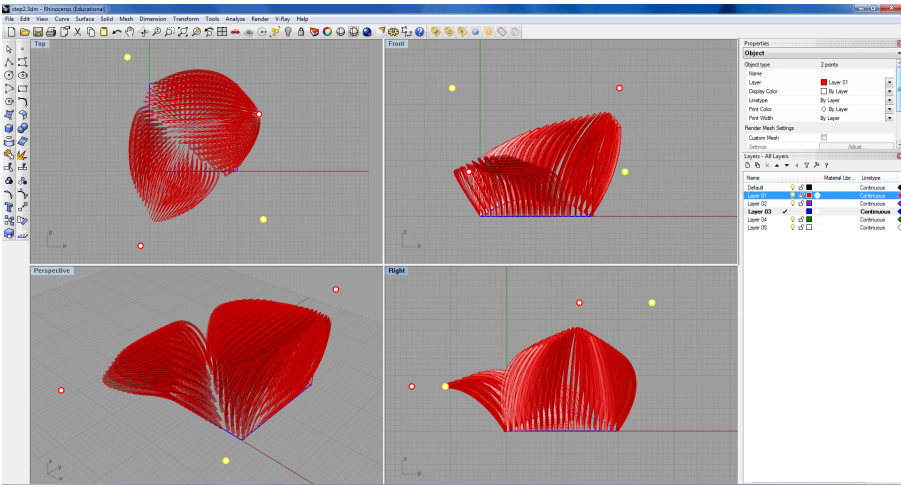
- + WE WILL USE THOSE LINES AS OUR BASE CURVE



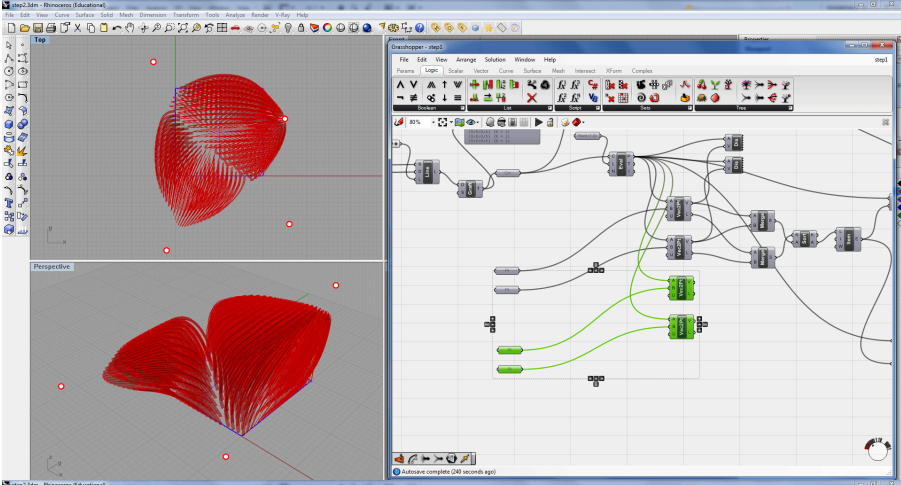
**+ CONNECT OUR COMPONENT TO THE LINES**

- DATA MATCHING?

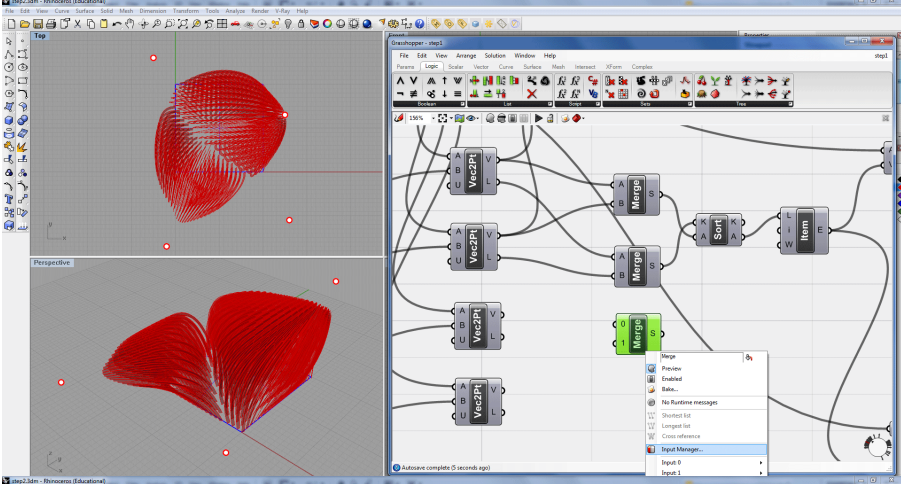




+ NEED MORE POINT ATTRACTORS?



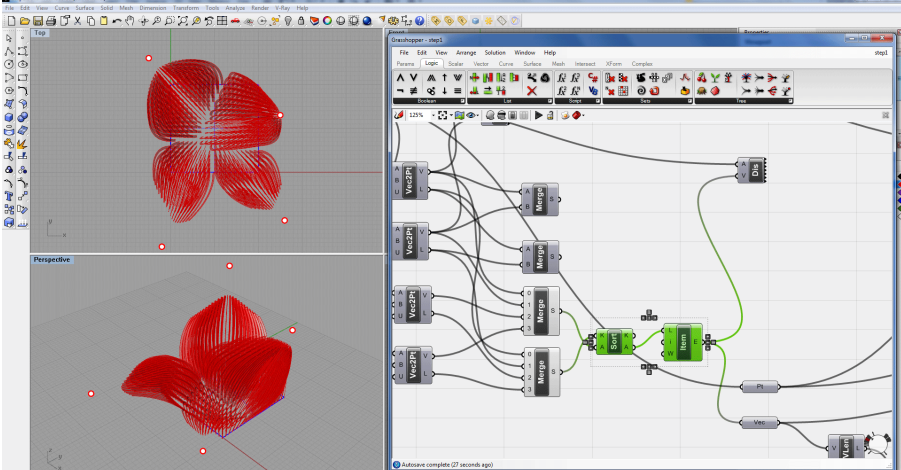
+ COPY AND PASTE



+ GET MULTIPLE MERGE COMPONENT

+ ADD TWO MORE INPUT TAB IN THE INPUT MANAGER

- RIGHT CLICK ON 'MERGE' AND SELECT INPUT MANAGER



+ CONNECT 'MULTIPLE MERGE OBJECT' TO SORT COMPONENT

+ DONE!